पूर्ति के हकदार तो हैं, परन्तु आर्थिक तंगी के कारण इस सेवा का लाभ उठाने में असमर्थ रहते हैं, ताकि वे मोहन नगर स्थित सी० जी० एच० एस० डिस्पेंसरी/अस्पताल में जाकर अपना उपचार करा सकें ;

(ख) यदि हां, तो ऐसे टोकनों के कब तक जारी किए जाने की संभावना है ; और

(ग) यदि नहीं, तो उसके क्या कारण हैं ?

स्वास्थ्य और परिवार कल्याण मंत्रालय में राज्य मंत्री (कुमारी सरोज खापर्डे) : (क) जी, नहीं ।

(ख) उपर्युक्त (क) के उत्तर को ध्यान में रखते हुए यह प्रश्न नहीं उठता ।

(ग) केन्द्रीय सरकार स्वास्थ्य योजना की सुविधाओं का लाभ उठाने के लिए केवल उन्हीं केन्द्रीय सरकारी कर्मचारियों को केन्द्रीय सरकार स्वास्थ्य योजना कार्ड जारी किए जाते हैं जो किसी केन्द्रीय सरकार स्वास्थ्य योजना औषधालय के अन्तर्गत आने वाले क्षेत्रों में रहते हैं ।

Setting up of National Institute for Standardisation of Control and Immunologicals in the capital

196. SHRI HARVENDRA SINGH HANSPAL: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to set up a National Institute for Standardisation of Control and Immunologicals in the capital for testing all Indian and imported vaccines and blood products;

(b) if so, by when the said institute is likely to start functioning;

(c) whether Government propose to set up similar institutes in other cities also; and

(d) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) and (b) Yes, Sir. The National Institute for Standardisation of Control and Immunologicals to be set up near Delhi will undertake the testing of both indigenously manufactured and imported vaccines and blood products. The Institute is likely to be set up near Delhi, as soon as the land for institute is allotted by the local administration concerned.

(c) No.

(d) Does not arise.

197. [*Transferred to the 4th May, 1989*]

Cancer patients in the country

198. SHRI MUKHTIAR SINGH MALIK: Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that there has been a considerable increase in the number of cancer patients in the country;

(b) if so, what are the reasons therefor;

(c) what is the number of cancer patients in the country at present State-wise; and

(d) what preventive measures are being taken by Government in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) and (b) The data from Population based Cancer Registries of the National Cancer Registry Project does not show any major change in the incidence of cancer from 1982 to 1985.

(c) It is estimated that there are about 15-20 lakhs of cancer patients in the country at any given time and about 5 lakhs new cases occur every year.

(d) Facilities for treatment of cancer patients including Radiotherapy are available in 95 institutions in the country. Chemotherapy facilities are generally available in all major hospitals. There are 74 Medical Colleges with Pap Smearing Units under the Post Partum Programme with cancer detection facilities. 16 more Medical Colleges have been approved during the year 1988-89 for setting up of this facility Early Cancer Detection Centres have been set up in 30 institutions.

Vacancies as JIPMER Pondicherry

199. SHRI V. GOPALSAMY:
SHRI T. R. BALU:

Will the Minister of HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE be pleased to state:

(a) the number of vacancies at JIPMER, Pondicherry, both academic and non-academic at present;

(b) the date on which each academic vacancy occurred;

(c) the number of vacancies filled up during the last three years indicating date of filling up of each vacancy; and

(d) what steps are being taken to fill up all these vacancies?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF HEALTH AND FAMILY WELFARE (KUMARI SAROJ KHAPARDE): (a) The number of vacancies at present at JIPMER, Pondicherry is as under:

Academic	35
Non academic	8

(b) A statement indicating the date of occurance of each academic vacancy is enclosed (Annexure-A).

[*See* Appendix CC, Annexure No. 6]

(c) A Statement indicating the number of academic vacancies filled up during the last three years and date of filling up of each vacancy is enclosed (See below).

(d) Necessary action to fill up the vacant CHS posts is already at a fairly advanced stage. Requisitions/proposals for Departmental Promotion Committee for majority of these posts have already been sent to the UPSC and some of these posts have also been advertised. However, to fill up the vacancies in respect of both academic and non-academic posts in a big Institute like JIPMER is a continuous process. In a few cases the UPSC have also repeatedly drawn a blank in recommending suitable candidates for appointment to these posts.